

AICHI BIODIVERSITY TARGET 6

Critical Global Goal Linking Fisheries and Biodiversity

Joe Appiott
Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity









In recognition of the urgent need to halt and reverse trends in global biodiversity loss, the Conference of the Parties (COP) adopted, in 2010, the

Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020



Vision "By 2050, biodiversity is valued, conserved, restored and wisely used, maintaining ecosystem services, sustaining a healthy planet and delivering benefits essential for all people"



















































Biodiversity objectives can only be met if pressure from fishing is sustainable, and objectives for productive fisheries can only be met if the ecosystems that support the fish stocks are healthy and resilient







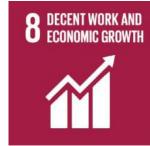




































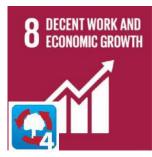




REDUCED INEQUALITIES















PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS









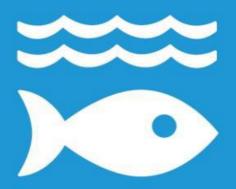




Sustainable Development Goal 14

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development

14 LIFE BELOW WATER



14.1: "By 2025, prevent and reduce marine pollution.."

<u>14.2</u>: By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration..."

14.3: "Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification..."

<u>14.4</u>: "By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing ..."

<u>14.5</u>: "By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas..."

14.6: "By 2020, **prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies** which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing..."

14.7: "By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources..."

<u>14.a</u>: "Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology..."

<u>14.b</u>: "Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets"

14.c: "Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by **implementing international law**..."

Sustainable Development Goal 14

SDG 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources **Highly Relevant Aichi Biodiversity Targets SDG 14 Targets 14.1:** "By 2025, prevent and reduce marine pollution.." Aichi Target 8 14.2: By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal Aichi Target 10 ecosystems including by **strengthening their resilience**, and take action for Aichi Target 15 their restoration..." 14.3: "Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification..." Aichi Target 10 14.4: "By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, Aichi Target 6 unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing ..." 14.5: "By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine Aichi Target 11 areas..." 14.6: "By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which Aichi Target 6 Aichi Target 3 contribute to overcapacity and overfishing..." **14.7**: "By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing Targets 6. 14, 15 and 16 Strategic Goal D States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources..." 14.a: "Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and Aichi Target 19 transfer marine technology..." 14.b: "Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources Aichi Target 18 and markets"

14.c: "Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law..."

Aichi Target 17

Sustainable Development Goal 14

SDG 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources

Highly Relevant Aichi Biodiversity Targets SDG 14 Targets 14.1: "By 2025, prevent and reduce marine pollution.." Aichi Target 8 14.2: By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal Aichi Target 10 ecosystems including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for Aichi Target 15 their restoration..." 14.3: "Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification..." Aichi Target 10 14.4: "By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, Aichi Target 6 unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing ..." 14.5: "By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine Aichi Target 11 areas..." 14.6: "By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which Aichi Target 6 Aichi Target 3 contribute to overcapacity and overfishing..." **14.7**: "By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing Targets 6. 4, 15 and 16 Strategic Goal D States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources..." 14.a: "Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and Aichi Target 19 transfer marine technology..." 14.b: "Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources Aichi Target 18 and markets"

14.c: "Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their

resources by implementing international law..."

Aichi Target 17



Aichi Biodiversity Target 6

By 2020, all fish and invertebrate stocks and aquatic plants are managed and harvested sustainably, legally and applying ecosystem based approaches, so that overfishing is avoided, recovery plans and measures are in place for all depleted species, fisheries have no significant adverse impacts on threatened species and vulnerable ecosystems and the impacts of fisheries on stocks, species and ecosystems are within safe ecological limits.

- Captures various elements of fishing and biodiversity
 - Target species, threatened species/bycatch, area-based approaches, ecosystem impacts
- Key part of the CBD's focus on mainstreaming



CBD National Reporting

- National reports assist the Conference of the Parties to:
 - Consider the lessons learned
 - Identify gaps in capacity
 - > Formulate appropriate requests and guidance
- •Allows for the use different types of information (e.g., quantitative, narrative descriptions)
- •6th National reports are key milestone in reporting on progress in meeting Aichi Targets by 2020 deadline
- •Online reporting tool (https://chm.cbd.int) is now available
 - Drafts can be saved, Some fields automatically filled; information to be published as available/to be updated as needed



Importance of Target 6 Meeting

- Provide guidance to Parties and relevant organizations on:
 - (1) Means to progress towards different elements of Target 6
 - (2) Means to report on the different elements of Target 6 (also considering links with FAO and RFMO reporting frameworks)
- Provide input into work under CBD on indicators for Aichi Target 6
- •Identify opportunities for improved coherence between CBD and FAO work in reporting and assessing progress towards Aichi Target 6, including the role of regional fishery bodies



Fisheries-Biodiversity Linkages in Assessing Progress

- Understanding status and progress towards Target 6 requires information and insights on fisheries and biodiversity elements
- Global indicators are important means of tracking progress towards
 Aichi Targets
 - Countries report relevant data to FAO and RFMOs
- National reporting provides means to complement with input from Parties with regards to unique biodiversity aspects
- Helps to understand relationship to progress on other Targets
- Stimulates national-level coordination among sectors



Further Work

 Importance of collaboration between CBD, FAO and regional fishery bodies in facilitating and monitoring progress towards Target 6 clearly acknowledged by both CBD COP and FAO Committee on Fisheries

 CBD Secretariat looks forward to continued and enhanced collaboration with FAO, IUCN and others to support countries in achieving fisheries and biodiversity objectives



Secretariat of the
Convention on Biological Diversity
World Trade Centre
413 St. Jacques street, Suite 800
Montreal, Quebec, Canada H2Y 1N9
Tel. 1 (514) 288 2220
secretariat@cbd.int
www.cbd.int



