

About

Connecting cities with **faraway**, **nearby** and **inner forests** around the world for people's wellbeing, climate resilience, water management and biodiversity.

#Cities4Forests



Over 50% of Humanity Now Lives in Urban Areas... with expected growth towards 70% by 2050. (Source: United Nations)

To make our urban habitats more liveable and climate-resilient, **Cities4Forests** is bringing together cities to better conserve, manage, and restore forests: including 'inner' urban forests, parks and natural areas; 'nearby' forests and green corridors, supplying clean water, jobs, and recreation; and 'faraway' forests helping to address deforestation and keep climate change in check.





3 Levels + 3 Activities

Cities4Forests aims to catalyze political, social, and economic support among city governments and urban residents to integrate the **inner**, **nearby** and **faraway** forests into city development plans and programs.

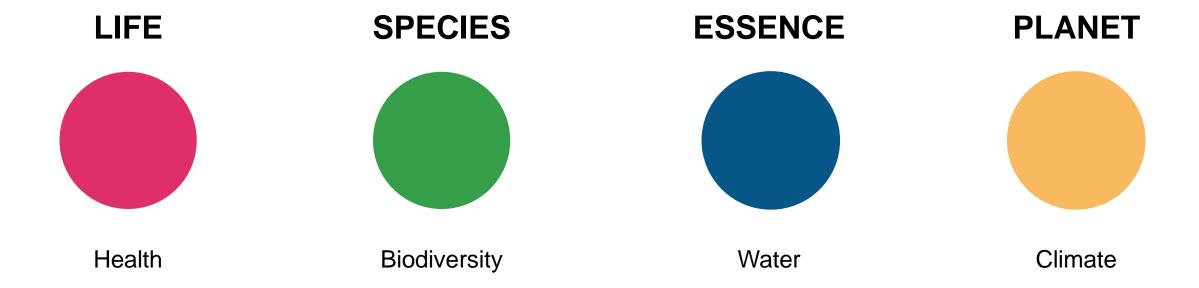
Cities4Forests supports peer-to-peer learning, and provides technical assistance to align policies and local action, and communicates the benefits of forests to citizens and residents.





4 Main Themes

Cities4Forests revolves around 4 main themes related to meta-level topics:



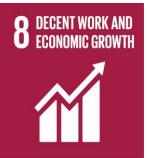


The UN Sustainable Development Goals:

Cities4Forests engages the public and contributes to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) with a focus on the following:

















Cities

Cities4Forests is a voluntary coalition involving mayors' offices—and supported by other subnational agencies such as public water utilities and offices of sustainability—from around the world.



An estimated 2 out of 3 people will live in a city by 2050.

Public policies and procurement practices of cities—as well as the values, votes, and consumption patterns of citizens—have a great potential to decide in which kind of cities we live in. They can support green infrastructure, the conservation, restoration, and sustainable management of forests. In many ways, cities depend on forests - and can do a lot to support them.



- Accra, Ghana
- Addis Ababa, Ethiopia
- Aguascalientes, Mexico
- Amman, Jordan
- Antalya, Turkey 5.
- Antananarivo, Madagascar
- Auckland, New Zealand
- 8. Baltimore, USA
- Belo Horizonte, Brazil
- Bogotá, Colombia
- Brussels, Belgium
- Cali, Colombia
- Campinas, Brazil
- Culiacán, Mexico
- Detroit, USA
- Dublin, Ireland
- Eugene, USA
- Greater Manchester, UK
- Haifa, Israel
- Honolulu, USA
- Jakarta, Indonesia
- Johannesburg, South Africa
- Kigali, Rwanda
- King County (WA), USA
- Kochi, India
- León, Mexico
- Lin'an, China
- Little Rock, USA
- Los Angeles, USA



- 34.
- North Little Rock, USA 35.
- 36. Oakland, USA
- 37. Oslo, Norway
- 38. Philadelphia, USA



- Quito, Ecuador
- Raleigh, USA
- Sacramento, USA
- Salem (OR), USA
- Salt Lake City, USA
- Salvador, Brazil



Seattle, USA

Cities

- Skopje, Macedonia
- Toronto, Canada
- Vancouver, Canada
- Vienna, Austria
- Washington, D.C., USA





Founding Cites



Founding cities share an aspiration to help reduce deforestation, restore forests (including more trees in cities), and manage forests more sustainably. Our goal is to amplify best practices and extend the city-forest relationship globally.

Cities4Forests offers the following benefits:



Forests

Connecting faraway, nearby and inner forests with cities around the world.



How Forests Sustain Cities

Trees and forests are immensely valuable to cities and their residents.

Trees and forests provide multiple health benefits, sustain water resources, help to combat climate change, and protect global biodiversity.





Natural areas, parks, trees and plants within cities – the "inner" forests – provide clean the air, offset heat islands (and lower energy bills), and enhance human health and urban wildlife.



Green corridors and belts, nature parks and trees in watersheds surrounding cities – the "nearby" forests – contribute to cleaner air and drinking water, reduce flooding, and offer an escape from hectic urban life.





Along with oceans, tropical forests and rainforests – the "faraway" forests – sequester the largest amounts of carbon dioxide, generate rain for the world's farm belts, provide a wealth of useful forest products, and host the majority of the world's land-based biodiversity.



2018 Launch

Global Climate Action Summit (GCAS), San Francisco

2018 Launch | GCAS

Cities 4 Forests

Launched at #GCAS18 with 50 founding cities across 6 continents pledging to conserve, manage and restore forests around the world.



13 September 2018

"The city of São Paulo is proud to be part of Cities4Forests and will measure efforts to conserve and enlarge green spaces. Urban forests contribute to the regulation of humidity and temperature, air quality control, health and lifestyle of citizens..."

Mayor Bruno Covas, of **São Paulo**, **Brazil**

"Auckland and Cities4Forests are united in a common goal: recognizing the wide range of measurable benefits forests provide in making our lives healthier, happier and more gratifying."

"We are proud to be a city that is fighting to restore, protect, and utilize forests – to the benefit of our citizens, environment, and economy."

John Mauro, Chief Sustainability Officer of **Auckland, New Zealand** Mayor Takele Uma Benti, of Addis Ababa, Ethiopia







The launch of **Cities4Forests** was covered by local and global media, as well as organizations promoting sustainability issues related to cities and forests.























BusinessGreen





Founding Partners & Funders



PILOTPROJECTS

"Cities4Forests addresses the greatest challenge of our times: reconciling our relationship with nature so that future generations can live in a cleaner and healthier world."

Scott Francisco
Founder of **Pilot Projects**

REVOLVE

"Cities4Forests addresses the greatest challenge of our times: reconciling our relationship with nature so that future generations can live in a cleaner and healthier world."

Stuart Reigeluth
Founder of **REVOLVE**



"Cities have invisible footprints on faraway forests that most people aren't aware of. The commodities that we consume - timber, paper, palm oil, beef, soybeans – can be responsible for destroying forests. And the benefits that forests provide to cities are underappreciated too."

Frances Seymour
Distinguished Senior Fellow at
World Resources Institute



Cities4Forests is supported by global, regional, and local partners that believe in promoting the importance of inner, nearby, and faraway forests.

GLOBAL



REGIONAL





Co-represented by Pilot Projects, REVOLVE and the World Resources Institute (WRI).

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#Cities4Forests

